

# WATTLE

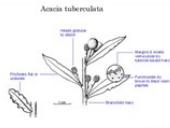
## *Acacias of Australia*

### *Acacia tuberculata* Maslin



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B.R. Maslin



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See illustration.



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Acacia tuberculata occurrence map.  
Occurrence map generated via Atlas of Living  
Australia (<https://www.ala.org.au>).

### Family

Fabaceae

### Distribution

Known only from within a 50 km radius of Hyden, south-western W.A.

### Description

**Diffuse shrub** 0.5–2 m high. **Branchlets puberulous**. Young **branchlets**, phyllodes and often the peduncles **puncticulate** by brown to black circular resin **papillae**. Stipule bases commonly **indurate**, persisting as blunt tooth-like projections. Phyllodes subsessile, narrowly **elliptic** to **narrowly oblong-elliptic**, 1–3 (~4.5) cm long, 2–5 mm wide, l:w = 4–10, flat or **undulate**, **obtuse** to **acute**, **mucronulate**, not easily separated from **branchlets**, dark green, with margins and midribs **verruculose** by **persistent** tubercle-bases of hairs, prominently 1-nerved per face; **lateral** nerves few, obscure; **gland** 3–6 mm above base, sometimes absent. Inflorescences 2–5-headed racemes; racemes **axes** 4–7 mm long, sometimes growing out and resulting in single **axillary** heads; peduncles 6–20 mm long, slender, **glabrous** to sparsely **puberulous**, with a **semi-persistent bract** near or above the middle; heads **globular** to **obloid**, 5.5–7 mm long, 4–5.5 mm diam., 30–60-flowered, golden. Flowers 5-**merous**; sepals mostly free. Pods and seeds not seen.

### Habitat

Grows on or in association with granite outcrops.

### Specimens

W.A.: Camel Peaks, due N of Hyden, K.Wallace 1819 (PERTH).

### Notes

Most closely allied to *A. dentifera* and *A. graniticola* which have longer, non-undulate phyllodes and heads in axillary twos or threes or in long racemes with the initiation of the growing-out phase occurring during anthesis.

Phyllodes on plants around Hyden are flat or with margins only slightly undulate whereas those at Mt Vernon have strongly undulate margins. These latter collections were made from a regrowth population following fire.

### FOA Reference

Data derived from *Flora of Australia* Volumes 11A (2001), 11B (2001) and 12 (1998), products of ABRS, ©Commonwealth of Australia

### Author

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This identification key and fact sheets are available as a mobile application:



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Study



URL: <https://keys.lucidcentral.org/keys/v3/wattle>  
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