

WATTLE

Acacias of Australia

Acacia rubida A.Cunn.



Source: Australian Plant Image Index (a.10053).
ANBG © M. Fagg, 1982



Source: Australian Plant Image Index
(dig.31558).
ANBG © M. Fagg, 2013



Source: Australian Plant Image Index
(dig.31560).
ANBG © M. Fagg, 2013



Source: Australian Plant Image Index
(dig.32758).
ANBG © M. Fagg, 2014



Source: Australian Plant Image Index
(dig.40619).
ANBG © M. Fagg, 2015



Source: WorldWideWattle ver. 2.
Published at: www.worldwidewattle.com
B.R. Maslin



Source: Australian Plant Image Index
(dig.22153).
ANBG © M. Fagg, 2011



Source: WorldWideWattle ver. 2.
Published at: www.worldwidewattle.com
B.R. Maslin



Source: Australian Plant Image Index
(dig.31307).
ANBG © M. Fagg, 2002



Source: Australian Plant Image Index
(a.31308).
ANBG © M. Fagg, 1989



Source: Australian Plant Image Index
(dig.22154).
ANBG © M. Fagg, 2011



Source: Australian Plant Image Index
(dig.22155).
ANBG © M. Fagg, 2011



Source: Australian Plant Image Index
(dig.31559).
ANBG © M. Fagg, 2013



Source: Australian Plant Image Index
(dig.32759).
ANBG © M. Fagg, 2014



Source: Australian Plant Image Index
(dig.32760).
ANBG © M. Fagg, 2014



Source: Australian Plant Image Index
(dig.32761).
ANBG © M. Fagg, 2014



Source: Australian Plant Image Index
(dig.40620).
ANBG © M. Fagg, 2015



Source: Australian Plant Image Index
(dig.40621).
ANBG © M. Fagg, 2015



Source: Australian Plant Image Index
(dig.40622).
ANBG © M. Fagg, 2015



Source: Australian Plant Image Index
(dig.6202).
ANBG © M. Fagg, 2008



Source: WorldWideWattle ver. 2.
Published at: www.worldwidewattle.com
B.R. Maslin



Source: WorldWideWattle ver. 2.
Published at: www.worldwidewattle.com
B.R. Maslin



Source: WorldWideWattle ver. 2.
Published at: www.worldwidewattle.com
B.R. Maslin



Source: WorldWideWattle ver. 2.
Published at: www.worldwidewattle.com
B.R. Maslin



Source: WorldWideWattle ver. 2.
Published at: www.worldwidewattle.com
See illustration.



Source: WorldWideWattle ver. 2.
Published at: www.worldwidewattle.com
See illustration.



Acacia rubida occurrence map.
Occurrence map generated via Atlas of Living
Australia (<https://www.ala.org.au>).

Common Name

Red-stem Wattle, Red-leaf Wattle

Family

Fabaceae

Distribution

Widespread in eastern Australia from the Black Ra., Vic. N along the Great Divide through A.C.T. and N.S.W. to Stanthorpe, south-eastern Qld. Seemingly disjunct between the Armidale–Ebor area and Capertee, N.S.W.

Description

Shrub or tree usually 1.5–5 m high, with juvenile bipinnate leaves often persistent. Branchlets red to reddish brown, usually glabrous. Phyllodes narrowly elliptic to oblanceolate, falcately recurved to straight, (4–) 5–20 cm long, 4.5–25 mm wide, narrowed at base, acuminate to obtuse, green to ± glaucous, normally drying reddish at least on margins and midrib, 1-nerved per face, obscurely penninerved; gland (0.5–) 1–4 cm above pulvinus; margin frequently shallowly indented at gland which is sometimes connected to midrib by a fine oblique nerve. Inflorescences racemose; raceme axes normally 2–7 cm long, usually glabrous or appressed-puberulous; peduncles 2–4 (–6) mm long, usually glabrous or sparsely appressed-puberulous; heads globular, 10–20-flowered, light golden; bracteole laminae circular, dark brown, densely white-fimbriolate, evident in buds. Flowers 5-merous; sepals united. Pods 5–12 cm long, 5–9 mm wide, chartaceous to thinly coriaceous, lightly pruinose, glabrous. Seeds longitudinal, oblong, 4–5.5 mm long, slightly shiny, dark brown to black; funicle encircling seed in a single or double fold, dark red-brown.

Habitat

Mostly found in hilly country or at high altitudes, often near watercourses, and on a variety of soils including clays and sands.

Specimens

Qld: Girraween Natl Park, 35 km S of Stanthorpe, M.E.Ballingall 2295 (PERTH). N.S.W.: Mundoonen Nature Reserve, 15 km E of Yass on Hume Hwy to Goulburn, B.R.Maslin 5890 (MEXU, NSW, PERTH); Australia, F.W.Sieber 452 (G-DC, K, MEL, OXF). A.C.T.: between Bulls Head & Bendora Dam, Cotter R. district, R.Pullen 3856 (NSW). Vic.: W of Alexandra, Crystal Ck, Black Ra. 6 Sept. 1978 & Jan. 1979, L.F.Costermans (MEL).

Notes

Acacia rubida is a member of the '*Acacia microbotrya* group' related to *A. attenuata*. According to L.Pedley, *Austrobaileya* 1: 299 (1980), *A. latisepta* is also related to *A. rubida* even though the former species only very rarely produces phyllodes. Some forms of *A. rubida* resemble *A. semirigida*; also sometimes similar to *A. falciformis*.

Acacia rubida is normally an upright shrub or tree 1.5–5 m high, although in Vic. it may reach 13 m or more, *fide* A.B.Court, in J.H.Willis, *Handb. Pl. Victoria* 2: 227 (1973). Its phyllodes are rather variable in shape and size but frequently they are large, falcately recurved, broadest near the middle and obviously narrowed at both ends. Specimens with straight, oblanceolate phyllodes (sometimes as short as 4–5 cm) and rather abruptly narrowed at apex, occur throughout the range and may resemble those of *A. amoena* or *A. chalkei*. The dwarf variant of *A. rubida* from N.S.W. that was noted by B.R.Maslin, *Fl. Australia* 11A: 262 (2001), is now treated as *Acacia* sp. Small Red-leaved Wattle (J.B.Williams 95033).

FOA Reference

Data derived from *Flora of Australia* Volumes 11A (2001), 11B (2001) and 12 (1998), products of ABRS, ©Commonwealth of Australia

Author

B.R.Maslin

Minor edits by B.R.Maslin & J.Rogers

This identification key and fact sheets are available as a mobile application:



URL: <https://keys.lucidcentral.org/keys/v3/wattle>
Copyright 2018. All rights reserved.