

# WATTLE

## Acacias of Australia

### *Acacia ingramii* Tindale



Source: Australian Plant Image Index (dig.21340).  
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Source: WorldWideWattle ver. 2.  
Published at: [www.worldwidewattle.com](http://www.worldwidewattle.com)  
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Source: Australian Plant Image Index (a.31105).  
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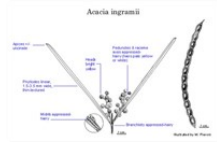
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See illustration.



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See illustration.



Acacia ingramii occurrence map.  
Occurrence map generated via Atlas of Living Australia (<https://www.ala.org.au>).

### Family

Fabaceae

### Distribution

Occurs in the upper catchment of the Macleay R. (E to SE of Armidale), N.S.W.

### Description

Spreading bushy **shrub** or **tree** 2–5 m high, rarely to 7.5 m high. New shoots densely **citron-sericeous**. **Branchlets** dark coloured, **appressed-puberulous** with white hairs. Phyllodes narrowly **linear**, 6–14 cm long, 1.5–3.5 mm wide, **uncinate** to subuncinate, thin; **midrib appressed-puberulous** (hairs pale yellow or white) otherwise **glabrous** or subglabrous; **lateral nerves** obscure; glands rather prominent, 1 or 2, with lowermost 1–5 (–10) mm above **pulvinus**. Inflorescences **racemose**; **raceme axes** 1.5–5 cm long, slender, **appressed-puberulous** with golden or white hairs; peduncles (1.5–) 2.5–5 mm long, with **indumentum** as on **raceme axes**; heads **globular**, 14–22-flowered, bright yellow. Flowers mostly 5-**merous**; sepals c. 3/4-united. Pods **convex** over and slightly to moderately constricted between seeds, to 11 cm long, 5–8 mm wide, firmly **chartaceous**, **glabrous**. Seeds (few seen) **longitudinal**, **oblong**, 4.5–5 mm long, arillate.

### Habitat

Grows in rugged gorge country on soils derived from slates in tall scrub or sometimes eucalypt woodland.

### Specimens

N.S.W.: Blue Hole, Gara R., 12 Dec. 1962, *R.Southwell* (NSW).

### Notes

Closely related to *A. neriifolia* which is distinguished especially by its broader phyllodes which commonly have a denser indumentum more generally distributed over the lamina surface. See M.D.Tindale, *Telopea* 1: 373 (1978), for further discussion.

### FOA Reference

Data derived from *Flora of Australia* Volumes 11A (2001), 11B (2001) and 12 (1998), products of ABRS, ©Commonwealth of Australia

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Minor edits by B.R.Maslin

This identification key and fact sheets are available as a mobile application:



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