

# WATTLE

## *Acacias of Australia*

### *Acacia desmondii* Maslin



Source: Australian Plant Image Index  
(dig.43579).

ANBG © M. Fagg, 2016



Image courtesy of Northern Territory Herbarium



Source: Australian Plant Image Index  
(dig.36678).

ANBG © M. Fagg, 2015



Source: Australian Plant Image Index  
(dig.36619).

ANBG © M. Fagg, 2015



Source: Australian Plant Image Index  
(dig.36621).

ANBG © M. Fagg, 2015



Source: Australian Plant Image Index  
(dig.43438).

ANBG © M. Fagg, 2016



Source: WorldWideWattle ver. 2.  
Published at: [www.worldwidewattle.com](http://www.worldwidewattle.com)

B.R. Maslin



Source: WorldWideWattle ver. 2.  
Published at: [www.worldwidewattle.com](http://www.worldwidewattle.com)

B.R. Maslin



Source: WorldWideWattle ver. 2.  
Published at: [www.worldwidewattle.com](http://www.worldwidewattle.com)

See illustration.



Acacia desmondii occurrence map.  
Occurrence map generated via Atlas of Living  
Australia (<https://www.ala.org.au>).

### Common Name

Des Nelson Wattle

### Family

Fabaceae

### Distribution

Known only from several bores and ranges (Rodinga, Train Hills and Pillar Ra.) on Allambi and Tood River Stns, N.T.

### Description

Shrubby tree 3–6 m high. Bark grey and **fibrous** on main **trunk** to c. 2 m above ground, 'Minni Ritchi' (red and exfoliating in narrow curly strips) on juvenile plants and some **lateral** branches of adults. **Branchlets**  $\pm$ terete, obscurely ridged, **glabrous**. Phyllodes **linear**, tapered towards base, sometimes **curved** towards apex, 12–23 cm long, usually 0.9–2.3 mm wide, **acuminate**, flattened but rather thick, **glabrous**, becoming subglaucous; finely and  $\pm$ uniformly **striate** by numerous, closely spaced nerves; **gland** 1, inconspicuous, basal. Inflorescences condensed **axillary** racemes 1–3 mm long; spikes light golden; peduncles 2–10 mm long. Flowers 5-**merous**; **calyx** 0.6–1.3 mm long, dissected for 1/6–1/3, **puberulous**; **corolla** 1.4–2.1 mm long, dissected for 1/2–2/3,  $\pm$ nerveless, **glabrous**; **ovary pubescent**. Pods submoniliform, raised over and constricted between seeds, **straight** to **curved**, 2.5–9 cm long, 2–4 mm wide, firmly **chartaceous** and brittle,  $\pm$ **glabrous**, longitudinally wrinkled. Seeds **longitudinal**, **oblong-elliptic**, 4–4.5 mm long, shiny, black; **pleurogram** with narrow, pale halo; **areole** open.

### Phenology

Flowers probably July–Nov.

### Habitat

Grows in dry rocky gullies and stony watercourses at the base of ranges and on rocky sandstone cliffs.

### Specimens

N.T.: Atherrita Bore, 57 miles [91.2 km] SE of Todd R. Stn, *J.R.Maconochie 466* (DNA, NSW); Atherrita Bore, 52 miles [83.2 km] SE of Todd R. HS, *D.J.Nelson 1305* (DNA, NSW).

### Notes

Related to *A. rhodophloia* but distinguished by longer, narrower and acuminate phyllodes, submoniliform pods and bark which is often not strictly 'Minni Ritchi', see B.R.Maslin, *J. Adelaide Bot. Gard.* 2: 316 (1980), for discussion. A specimen cultivated in Alice Springs has atypically broad phyllodes (4–5 mm wide).

### FOA Reference

Data derived from *Flora of Australia* Volumes 11A (2001), 11B (2001) and 12 (1998), products of ABRS, ©Commonwealth of Australia

### Author

Edited by B.R.Maslin

Dr M.D.Tindale and Dr P.G.Kodela with the assistance of M.Bedward, S.J.Davies, C.Herscovitch, D.A.Keith and/or D.A.Morrison

This identification key and fact sheets are available as a mobile application:



Australian Government  
Department of the Environment and Energy



Department of  
Biodiversity, Conservation  
and Attractions  
Western Australian Herbarium



Australian  
Biological  
Resources  
Study



URL: <https://keys.lucidcentral.org/keys/v3/wattle>  
Copyright 2018. All rights reserved.